

Method

- 1. Collect different samples of biomass (eg. cardboard, paper, dried grasses, leaves etc)
- 2. Grind samples to increase biomass surface area using a coffee or spice grinder.
- 3. Label test tubes (with screw top lids or stopper) & choose controls.
- 4. Weigh approx 1 g of biomass and add it to the test tube and then add 25mL of water. Shake well.
- 5. Boil the samples to loosen the plant cell wall using either a water bath or a beaker on a hotplate. This makes the cellulose more accessible.
- 6. Add the cellulase enzyme (small amount) to break down the cellulose into glucose. Shake well.
- 7. Store in a warm water bath overnight to allow the enzyme to activate.
- 8. To pause the experiment at any time, put the test tubes in the fridge.
- 9. Add approx 1g dry baker's yeast. Shake well and loosen the cap so pressure doesn't build up during fermentation. Yeast will breakdown glucose to ethanol & carbon dioxide.
- 10. Before and after each step tale measurements of glucose (using a standard blood glucose meter) and ethanol (PASCO PASPORT Ethanol Sensor)
- 11. Compare different biomass samples.



PASPORT Ethanol Sensor

PS-2194 \$439 ex GST



& Airlink

PS-3200, \$179 ex GST



SPARKvue (Software)

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> Cellulase 100ml, \$87 ex GST

